		NCS601/ECS601			
Printed Pages: 02	Sub Code: NCS60	1 / ECS604, 🔊			
Paper Id: 110250	Roll No.				
	В ТЕСН				
	(SEM-VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19	<u>сомритея деек</u> compgeek.co.in			
	COMPUTER NETWORKS	compgeek.co.m			

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

- Consider a noiseless channel with a bandwidth of 3000 Hz transmitting a signal a. with four signal levels. What is the maximum bit rate?
- A bit string 0001111111001111101000 needs to be transmitted at the data link b. layer. What is the string actually transmitted after bit stuffing?
- Write four differences between circuit switching and packet switching. c.
- Sketch Manchester and differential Manchester encoding for the following bit d. stream: 10111100010010011101
- Write two use of subnet mask. e.
- f. What do you mean by DNS?
- What are the services of Transport Layer? g.
- What are the major advantages of using optical fiber over twisted pair cable? h.
- i. Taking p=5, q=11, d=27 in RSA. Find the value of e.
- Convert the IPv4 address whose hexadecimal representation is C22F15B2 to į. dotted decimal notation. What is the class of this address?

SECTION B

2. Attempt any *three* of the following:

- What do you mean by network architecture? What should be their design issues? a. Explain briefly.
- Explain the working of pure ALOHA and slotted ALOHA protocols. How slotted b. ALOHA improve the performance of pure ALOHA?
- What do you mean by adaptive and non-adaptive routing algorithm? Discus c. Distance Vector Routing including count to infinity problem.
- Discuss TCP window management in detail. Also explain silly window syndrome d. and their solution.
- Discuss different types of transmission media with their advantages and e. disadvantages.

SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:

- Differentiate OSI and TCP/IP reference model. Which one is more popular and (a) why?
- Suppose a signal travels through a transmission medium then find: (b)
 - i) The attenuation (loss of power) if the power is reduced to one half.
 - ii) The amplification (gain of power) if the power is Increased 10 times.



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$10 \ge 3 = 30$

$10 \ge 1 = 10$

4. Attempt any one part of the following:

- List different carrier sense protocols. How CSMA/CD protocol is different from (a) other CSMA/CA protocol?
- What do you mean by transmission impairment? Explain different types of (b) transmission impairment.

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

- What is Congestion? Differentiate between congestion control and flow control (a) with example. Also discuss congestion prevention policies.
- (b) Sketch the IP header neatly and explain the functions of each field. What are the deficiencies of IPV4 over IPV6?

6. Attempt any one part of the following:

- An organization is granted a block 211.17.180.0 /24. The administrator wants to (a) create 32 subnets
 - i) Find the subnet mask.
 - ii) Find the number of addresses in each subnet.
 - iii) Find the first & last address in subnet 1.
 - iv) Find the first & last address in subnet 32.

The symbols & their frequencies are given below (b)

		n nequ		are give		v			
Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	
Frequency	20	18	16	15	15	10	4	2	

Construct Huffman codes.

7. Attempt any one part of the following:

- Encrypt "EXTRANETPLANETSOURCE" using a transposition cipher with the (a) following key:
 - 3 5 2 1 4
- (b) Explain the following:
 - (i) Telnet (ii) FTP
 - (iii)SNMP
 - (iv)HTTP
 - (v) MIME

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 $10 \ge 1 = 10$

 $10 \ge 1 = 10$

 $10 \ge 1 = 10$