

5. Attempt any two parts of the following : (10×2=20)

(a) Explain following code improving transformations with examples :

(i) Local and global elimination of common sub-expressions.

(ii) Copy propagation and dead code elimination.

(b) Explain following loop optimizations with examples :

(i) Local and global elimination of common sub-expressions.

(ii) Copy propagation and dead code elimination.

(c) Write short notes on following :

(i) Optimization of Basic Block.

(ii) Semantic Errors and its Recovery.



(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 2476

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

B. Tech.

(SEM. VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2010-11

COMPILER DESIGN



Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Note : Attempt all questions.

1. Attempt any four parts of the following : (5×4=20)

(a) Explain the compilation with suitable block diagram. Also discuss the role of various phases of the compiler.

(b) Discuss the boot strapping of cross-compiler.

(c) Describe the task performed by following programs :

(i) Preprocessors

(ii) Assemblers

(iii) Loaders and Link-Editors.

(d) Discuss the algorithms for subset construction and computation of ϵ -closure.

(e) Show the construction of NFA for following regular expression.

$(a \mid b)^*a(a \mid b)(a \mid b)$

(f) Explain how LEX tool may be used to create lexical analyser ?

2. Attempt any **two** parts of the following : (10×2=20)

- (a) Explain recursive-descent parsing. Consider the following grammar :

$$S \rightarrow aSa/aa$$

That generates all even length strings of a's except for the empty string. Construct a recursive-descent parser with backtracking for this grammar that tries the alternative aSa before aa. Show that the procedure for S succeeds on 2, 4, or 8 a's, but fails on 6 a's. Also give the language does your parser recognize.

- (b) Consider the following left recursive grammar and eliminate the left recursion. Also construct the predictive parsing table :

$$E \rightarrow E + T \mid T$$

$$T \rightarrow T * F \mid F$$

$$F \rightarrow a \mid b$$

- (c) Give the algorithm to construct LALR parsing table. Construct the LALR parsing table for following grammar :

$$S \rightarrow AA$$

$$A \rightarrow aA$$

$$A \rightarrow b$$

3. Attempt any **two** parts of the following : (10×2=20)

- (a) Consider the following grammar and give the syntax directed definitions to construct parse tree. For the input



()



()

expression $4*7+1*2$ construct an annotated parse tree according to your syntax directed definition :

$$E \rightarrow E * TVT$$

$$T \rightarrow T * FF$$

$$F \rightarrow \text{digit}$$

- (b) Discuss types of three address statements and their implementation with examples.
- (c) Give the syntax directed translation scheme to translate the while control construct. Also translate the following program segment into three address code :

while (a > b)

if (c > d)

c = c - d * e;

else

c = c + d * e;

4. Attempt any **two** parts of the following: (10×2=20)

- (a) Describe symbol table and its entries. Also discuss various Data Structure used for symbol table.
- (b) What is activation record ? Explain its organization. Also discuss various storage-allocation strategies.
- (c) Discuss how Access Links and Displays are used to access non-local names.